Friday, April 13, 1900.

CONTENTS:
The Geological and Faunal Relations of Europe and America during the Tertiary Period and the Theory of the Successive Invasions of an African Fauna: Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn............................... 561
Cruise of the Albatross, IV.: Dr. Alexander Agassiz........................................... 574
The Present State of Progress of the New Reduction of Piazzi's Star Observations: Dr. Herman S. Davis................................................................. 578
Scientific Books:
Rayleigh's Scientific Papers: Professor Carl Barus. Migula's System der Bakterien: Professor Edwin O. Jordan................................................... 580
Scientific Journals and Articles................................................................. 586
Societies and Academies:
Discussion and Correspondence:
'New Darwinism': Professor F. W. Hutton. 'The Eskimo of Smith Sound': Professor O. T. Mason. A Chronological Index: C. L. F. The International Congress of Mechanics: Professor R. H. Thurston................................. 588
Notes on Physics:
Liquid Air; Atmospheric Electricity: W. S. F. 590
Current Notes on Physiology:
Glacial Lakes in Western New York; The Pomeranian Coast-land; German Physiographic Terms; Lakes of the Böhmerwald: Professor W. M. Davis................................................................. 591
Current Notes on Meteorology:
Death of Mr. G. J. Symons; The Mistral; Typhoons of the Philippine Islands: R. DeC. Ward................................................................. 592
Patents and the Industries: Professor E. H. Thurston ........................................... 593
The Brinton Memorial Chair in the University of Pennsylvania................................. 594
Scientific Notes and News ................................................................. 595
University and Educational News ................................................................. 600

THE GEOLOGICAL AND FAUNAL RELATIONS OF EUROPE AND AMERICA DURING THE TERTIARY PERIOD AND THE THEORY OF THE SUCCESSIVE INVASIONS OF AN AFRICAN FAUNA.*

Several years ago the discovery of some new types of Rhinoceroses in this country directed my attention afresh to the study of the Tertiary fauna of Europe as parallel with that of America. In the succession of European and American types it appeared that there were most interesting similarities between rhinoceroses as widely separated as the present regions of Colorado and Southern France, but upon attempting more than a general comparison I was confronted by a lack of definite time scale between the levels in which these animals occur. The available correlations by Cope, Filhol, Scott, Zittel and others proved too indefinite at certain points. This difficulty became so obstructive that a more exact correlation of European and American horizons appeared to be an essential basis not only for the phylogeny of the Rhinoceroses but for that of other types of mammals of Europe and North America.

STRATIGRAPHICAL CORRELATION.

In an address before the Academy last year the various steps which have been taken to secure such correlation were described. The work proves to be a very diffi-

*Address of retiring President, New York Academy of Sciences, February 26, 1900.
Editor's Summary

This copy is for your personal, non-commercial use only.

Article Tools  Visit the online version of this article to access the personalization and article tools:
http://science.sciencemag.org/content/11/276.citation

Permissions  Obtain information about reproducing this article:
http://www.sciencemag.org/about/permissions.dtl