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The eruption of Krakatoa on 26 and 27 August 1883 was the most violent that has been recorded. Two-thirds of an island disappeared, part of it being flung into the stratosphere. A large number of tiny particles remained there for 3 years or more causing spectacular sunsets all over the world (see cover). A special volume that detailed phenomena attending the eruption was prepared by the Royal Society and published in 1888. See page 1336 for excerpts from a review of the report which appeared in the 9 November 1888 issue of Science. [Chromolithographs from *The Eruption of Krakatoa*, G. J. Symons, Ed. (Royal Society, London, 1888)]