THE GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF THE STUDENT BODY AT A NUMBER OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES

The accompanying table explains the geographical distribution of the student body of twelve American universities and four New England colleges and one Pennsylvania college for the academic year 1906-7, the summer session students being in every instance omitted. Brown, Ohio State and Virginia have been added to the table, while the Lafayette figures are omitted this year. The University of California figures include only the students in the academic colleges and are exclusive of the 174 students in the professional schools in San Francisco. In making comparisons with 1905-6, it should also be noted that the California figures in last year’s table were those of 1904-5.

Comparing the attendance by divisions of the six eastern universities (Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Pennsylvania, Princeton, Yale) with the corresponding figures for the same universities included in a similar table published in SCIENCE, N. S., Vol. XXIV., No. 606 (August 10, 1906), pp. 166–173, we note in the first place that there has been a gain for these universities, taken as a whole, in every division, the largest increase in the actual number of students, leaving the North Atlantic division—in which all of these six universities are located—out of consideration, having been recorded in the North Central division, where there has been an increase of 117 students, followed by foreign countries