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How a Protein Binds B12: A 3.0 Å

X-ray Structure of B12-Binding Domains of Methionine Synthase

C. L. Drennan, S. Huang, J. T. Drummond, R. G. Matthews, M. L. Ludwig

REPORTS

A Remarkable Auroral Event on Jupiter

Observed in the Ultraviolet with the Hubble Space Telescope

**Paramecium** cilia stained with an antibody that recognizes tubulin posttranslationally modified by the addition of multiple glycine units. Tubulin is the most abundant component of microtubules, which participate in many processes including cell division and cell motility.

The polyglycine modification was found on flagellar and ciliary forms of tubulin. *Paramecium* is ~100 micrometers long. See page 1688. [Photo: A. Fleury, Laboratoire de Biologie Cellulaire, and M. Laurent, Service d’Imagerie Cellulaire, Orsay, France]