Duesberg and AIDS

Bright lights, big planet

The Emerging Fungal Threat 1632
Human Embryo Research: Clinton Rules Out Some Studies 1634
Washington Law Forces Grant Disclosure 1635
Technology Assessment Faces Ax 1636
Dahlem Conferences’ Future in Doubt 1636
Science Education: National Standards Finally Ready for Public Scrutiny 1637
Physicists Find Windows of Opportunity in Plasmas 1638
Taking Soundings From a Distant Star 1639
Getting Comfortable in Four Dimensions 1640

SPECIAL NEWS REPORT
The Duesberg Phenomenon 1642
Duesberg and Critics Agree: Hemophilia Is the Best Test The Transfusion Studies 1646
Fulfilling Koch’s Postulates 1647
The Epidemic in Thailand 1647
Could Drugs, Rather Than a Virus, Be the Cause of AIDS?

POLICY FORUM
Scientists and the Integrity of Research 1660
B. Alberts and K. Shine

PERSPECTIVES
What Is in the Earth’s Core Besides Iron? W. A. Bassett
Binding Site Revealed of Nature’s Most Beautiful Cofactor J. Stubbe

ARTICLE
Symmetries of Hydrogen Bonds in Solution C. L. Perrin

RESEARCH ARTICLE

REPORTS
A Remarkable Auroral Event on Jupiter 1675
Observing in the Ultraviolet with the Hubble Space Telescope
Paramecium cilia stained with an antibody that recognizes tubulin posttranslationally modified by the addition of multiple glycine units. Tubulin is the most abundant component of microtubules, which participate in many processes including cell division and cell motility.

The polyglycine modification was found on flagellar and ciliary forms of tubulin. *Paramecium* is ~100 micrometers long. See page 1688. [Photo: A. Fleury, Laboratoire de Biologie Cellulaire, and M. Laurent, Service d’Imagerie Cellulaire, Orsay, France]
Editor's Summary

This copy is for your personal, non-commercial use only.

**Article Tools**  Visit the online version of this article to access the personalization and article tools:
http://science.sciencemag.org/content/266/5191

**Permissions**  Obtain information about reproducing this article:
http://www.sciencemag.org/about/permissions.dtl