Electron micrograph of *Mycoplasma mycoides* JCVI-syn1.0 cells (magnification ~25,000×). These cells were produced following transplantation of a 1.08–megabase pair synthetic *M. mycoides* genome into *M. capricolum* recipient cells. The cells are controlled by the synthetic genome, exhibit the expected phenotypic properties, and are capable of self-replication, thus providing proof of principle for the production of cells from digitized sequence information. See page 52.

*Photo: Thomas Deerinck and Mark Ellisman, National Center for Microscopy and Imaging Research, University of California at San Diego*
REVIEW

47  The Unconscious Will: How the Pursuit of Goals Operates Outside of Conscious Awareness
R. Casters and H. Aarts

BREVIA

51  Graphite in an Apollo 17 Impact Melt Breccia
A. Steele et al.
Ancient carbonaceous material possibly delivered during meteorite bombardment has been found in lunar rock.

RESEARCH ARTICLE

52  Creation of a Bacterial Cell Controlled by a Chemically Synthesized Genome
D. G. Gibson et al.
A synthetic Mycoplasma mycoides genome transplanted into M. capricolum was able to control the host cell.

REPORTS

57  A Giant Planet Imaged in the Disk of the Young Star β Pictoris
A.-M. Lagrange et al.
The Very Large Telescope reveals that a huge planet formed within a star’s dusty disk in a few million years.

59  Controlled Injection of Spin-Triplet Supercurrents into a Strong Ferromagnet
J. W. A. Robinson et al.
Unusual magnetic ordering in a rare earth metal is used to create superconducting currents with aligned spins.

61  Quantized Anomalous Hall Effect in Magnetic Topological Insulators
R. Yu et al.
Magnetically doped topological insulators are predicted to be ferromagnetic and exhibit the quantum anomalous Hall effect.

65  Does the Hydrated Electron Occupy a Cavity?
R. E. Larsen et al.
A long-standing model of the solvent geometry surrounding a free charge in water is questioned by new numerical simulations.

69  Experimental Results for H₂ Formation from H⁻ and H and Implications for First Star Formation
H. Kreckel et al.
Precise measurements of molecular hydrogen formation rates help improve models of star assembly in the early universe.

72  Genetic Evidence for High-Altitude Adaptation in Tibet
T. S. Simonson et al.
A candidate gene approach reveals genes under selection in humans living at high altitudes.

75  Sequencing of 50 Human Exomes Reveals Adaptation to High Altitude
X. Yi et al.
Sequencing coding regions identified genetic changes that were likely involved in adaptation to hypoxia.

78  Genome-Wide Reprogramming in the Mouse Germ Line Entails the Base Excision Repair Pathway
P. Hajkova et al.
Removing epigenetic marks early in mammalian development involves a DNA damage repair pathway.

82  Increased Mutagenesis and Unique Mutation Signature Associated with Mitotic Gene Conversion
W. M. Hicks et al.
Repair of double-strand breaks in the genome is accompanied by highly elevated levels of mutagenesis.

85  Reprogramming of T Cells to Natural Killer–Like Cells upon Bcl11b Deletion
P. Li et al.

89  An Early T Cell Lineage Commitment Checkpoint Dependent on the Transcription Factor Bcl11b
L. Li et al.

93  An Essential Developmental Checkpoint for Production of the T Cell Lineage
T. Ikawa et al.
A transcription factor is essential for maintenance of T cell identity.

CONTENTS continued >>
Peripheral Protein Quality Control Removes Unfolded CFTR from the Plasma Membrane
T. Okiyama et al.
Cells clear misfolded and damaged proteins from the cell surface, sometimes frustrating attempts to treat protein-folding diseases.
10.1126/science.1191542

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P. Sebastiani et al.
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10.1126/science.1190532

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R. H. Clark et al.
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10.1126/science.1186146

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C. Hunte et al.
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10.1126/science.1191046

Ultrahigh Porosity in Metal-Organic Frameworks
H. Furukawa et al.
The large surface areas of these materials would correspond to that of dispersed nanocubes just 3 to 6 nanometers wide.
10.1126/science.1192160

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P. Neumann et al.
The quantum state of a single nitrogen vacancy would correspond to that of dispersed nanocubes.
10.1126/science.1189075

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L. M. Beskow and W. Burke
A “one size fits all” threshold cannot be developed for decisions about return of individual results.

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H. G. Russnes et al.
An objective score of structural alterations in tumor chromosomes gives prognostic information about breast cancer.

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