RESEARCH ARTICLE

1303 Evolution of Mammalian Diving Capacity Traced by Myoglobin Net Surface Charge S. Mirceta et al.
Increasing the number of charged amino acids allows for higher myoglobin concentrations in the muscles of diving mammals. Research Article Summary; for full text: http://dx.doi.org/10.1126/science.1234192
>> Perspective p. 1293; Reports pp. 1324 and 1327

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1304 Terahertz Metamaterials for Linear Polarization Conversion and Anomalous Refraction
N. K. Grady et al.
A metasurface-based design is used for polarization conversion in the terahertz regime.

1307 Short-Range Quantum Magnetism of Ultracold Fermions in an Optical Lattice D. Greif et al.
A redistribution of entropy in an optical lattice loaded with atoms leads to magnetic correlations.
>> Perspective p. 1297

1311 Strong Light-Matter Interactions in Heterostructures of Atomically Thin Films
L. Britnell et al.
Transition metal dichalcogenides sandwiched between two layers of graphene produce an enhanced photoresponse.
>> Perspective p. 1298

1314 Redox Heterogeneity in Mid-Ocean Ridge Basalts as a Function of Mantle Source E. Cottrell and K. A. Kelley
Subducted carbon from ancient oceanic crust results in a more reduced mantle.

1317 Hydrogen Isotopes in Lunar Volcanic Glasses and Melt Inclusions Reveal a Carbonaceous Chondrite Heritage A. E. Saal et al.
Hydrogen isotope ratios in lunar samples imply a common origin for Earth’s and the Moon’s water.

1320 Clarifying the Dominant Sources and Mechanisms of Cirrus Cloud Formation D. J. Cicero et al.
Mineral dust and metallic particles initiate most ice nucleus condensation during cirrus cloud formation.

1324 Epistasis Among Adaptive Mutations in Deer Mouse Hemoglobin C. Natarajan et al.
Deer mice have discovered that mutations distant from the oxygen-binding site help them live at high altitude.

1327 Root Effect Hemoglobin May Have Evolved to Enhance General Tissue Oxygen Deliveries J. L. Rumber et al.
The evolutionary origin of the unloading of oxygen at low pH is traced back to teleosts.
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1330 Targeting Isoprenylcysteine Methylation Ameliorates Disease in a Mouse Model of Progeria M. X. Ibrahim et al.
Reduced protein methyltransferase activity improves progeria-like disease phenotypes.
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1334 The Molecular Basis for Attractive Salt-Taste Coding in Drosophila Y. V. Zhang et al.
Low or high concentrations of sodium chloride activate distinct receptor pathways and, hence, elicit attractive or aversive responses.
>> Perspective p. 1295

1338 Parallel Neural Pathways Mediate CO2 Avoidance Responses in Drosophila H.-H. Lin et al.
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>> Perspective p. 1295

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A really, really close-up view of an aquaporin hints at how water passes through but protons do not.
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