ZOOCAL GARDENS AND THE PRESERVATION OF FAUNA

In thinking over possible subjects for this presidential address, I was strongly tempted to enter on a discussion of the logical methods and concepts that we employ in zoology. The temptation was specially strong to a Scot speaking in Scotland, that he should devote the hour when the prestige of the presidential chair secured him attention, to putting his audience right on logic and metaphysics. But I reflected that zoology is doing very well, however its logic be wavering, and that as all lines subtend an equal angle at infinity, it would be of small moment if I were to postpone my remarks on metaphysics. And so I am to essay a more modest but a more urgent theme, and ask you to consider the danger that threatens the surviving land-fauna of this globe. A well-known example may serve to remind you how swift is the course of destruction. In 1867, when the British Association last met at Dundee, there were still millions of bison roaming over the prairies and forests of North America. In that year the building of the Union Pacific, the first great transcontinental railway, cut the herd in two. The southern division, consisting of several million individuals, was wiped out between 1871 and 1874, and the practical destruction of the northern herd was completed between 1880 and 1884. At present there are only two herds of wild bison in existence. In the Yellowstone Park only about twenty individuals remained in 1911, the greater part of the

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