WORK OF THE NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

The National Research Council has had a year of much activity and, as it seems to the secretary, of creditable achievement. The work has been carried on along the lines and by the methods which have gradually come, through experience, to be recognized as probably the most advantageous ones which the council can adopt. These lines of work and methods involve and maintain a very wide contact on the part of the council with the scientific organizations and men of this country and of various foreign countries, these organizations and men representing both fundamental science and its applications. The actual membership of the council, which democratically controls the council's policies and work, is chiefly composed of accredited representatives of more than seventy national scientific and technical societies. Relations with foreign workers and organizations are closely maintained through the International Research Council and its affiliated International Unions, representing different special fields of science. Certain of the National Research Council's special divisions of science and technology are the officially recognized American sections of the International Unions.

Contact with the colleges and universities of the country is maintained by the council especially through its division of educational relations; with the government's various scientific bureaus through the division of federal relations; and with the activities of the various state scientific boards and bureaus through the division of states relations. Relations with the industrial research laboratories of the country, and with applied science in general, are maintained through the council's divisions of engineering, research extension, physics, and chemistry and chemical technology.

The council has been entrusted during the year with the responsibility of expending considerable sums of money given by various foundations, industrial concerns and individuals for the support of various special undertakings in the way of promotion, organization and carrying out of scientific work and research.

Statement of activities for the year July 1, 1922–June 30, 1923, based on a fuller report made to the Carnegie Corporation of New York, from which the Council, through the National Academy of Sciences, derives an annual income.