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abandoned; yet the author, while fairly stating other views, decidedly leans toward his own—a position which would be perfectly proper in a memoir, but which is out of place in a student's text-book. It is the occasional outpour of personal bias in the retention or defence of opinions with which the author's name has been associated, either as an originator or a supporter, which constitutes the most serious, in fact, the only serious, defect in this work. Other defects are of minor importance, or unavoidably spring from the immensely wide field covered. The writer of a text-book should ruthlessly sacrifice his most cherished theories if they do not accord with the latest research.

The next section is devoted to the three germ layers of the developing ovum, leading us to the embryo in the third section and the fetal membranes in the fourth. Through all these pages the author sustains his plan of maintaining a critical attitude, and, as far as possible, verifying his statements by his own observation. Each mammalian structure is introduced by a brief and clear statement of its mode of appearance in the fishes, amphibians and reptiles, rendering these chapters as valuable to the general as to the special student. Duval, in his recent monograph on the placentas of the Rodentia, speaks in high terms of Professor Minot’s work upon the placentas, but differs with him in regard to the so-called ecto-placentas, holding that he has mistaken the ecto-placental columns and tubes for the uterine glands.

The second half of the work is given to the general development of the fetus and the organology or special development of each of the systems and organs of the body. Here, again, the accuracy and breadth of treatment. The pages simply bristle with information upon every subject treated, giving a thoroughly encyclopedic character. The chapter upon the development of the brain alone is the most complete which has yet appeared, and is thoroughly up to date. One minor protest must be entered here, that is against the use of the Anglicized German term “alagases” for the beginnings of structures. As pointed out by Hurst, Parker and others, we have already an excellent term in the English “rudiment.”

**SOFTLY STEALS THE LIGHT OF DAY**

when the suns of the firmament are set, and in, fact, a compilation of these two departments of science. It is the first attempt that has been made to show in a systematic and fundamental way the workings of mind in a-cial phenomena. It has been undertaken in the hope of giving a new and unexampled view of the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation. Political economy has the laws of production, distribution, and consumption, and it has been likened to the processes of nutrition, circulation, and assimilation.