

Science Heart Research Book

Combating the #1 Killer: The Science Report on Heart Research, by Jean L. Marx and Gina Bari Kolata, will be available for sale early this month.

Based on a series of articles by Research News writers Marx and Kolata in *Science*, the new AAAS book focuses on key research currently in progress, the epidemiology of heart disease, its diagnosis, its relationship to an individual's life-style and age, and the most promising present and projected treatment strategies. Copies of the book (\$7.50 paperbound, \$17 clothbound, with a 10 percent discount for AAAS members) may be ordered from the AAAS Sales Department, 1515 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20005.

or further information about the Clearinghouse on Persecuted Foreign Scientists may write to Thomas Johnston, Human Rights Coordinator, at the AAAS address.

THOMAS JOHNSTON
Human Rights Coordinator

June Meetings

The third annual AAAS Colloquium on R&D Policy, with sessions on "R&D in the Federal Budget" and "R&D in Industry and the Economy," will be held on 20-21 June 1978, at the Mayflower Hotel in Washington, D.C. The Colloquium will bring together key policy-makers in government and members of the science and engineering community to discuss current R&D policy issues. Program and registration materials will appear in *Science* or may be obtained from Pat Curlin, R&D Colloquium, at the AAAS address.

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The next meeting of the AAAS Committee on Scientific Freedom and Responsibility will be held in Washington, D.C., 2-4 June 1978. The meetings of the Committee are open to the public. Anyone interested in attending the meeting should contact Rosemary Chalk, the Committee's staff officer, for further details.

For the Library

The AAAS *Science Book List Supplement*, compiled and edited by Kathryn Wolff and Jill Storey, extends the coverage of the AAAS *Science Book List* (third edition) from 1969 through 1977. In more than 500 pages, the *Supplement* includes citations and annotations of some 2800 trade and text books in mathematics and the pure and applied sciences for secondary school students, college undergraduates, teachers, and nonspecial-

ist readers. Copies of the *Supplement* may be ordered directly from the AAAS Sales Department (1515 Massachusetts Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20005) at \$16.50 per copy (\$15 for AAAS members).

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A survey of academic efforts in the area of ethics and values in science and technology (EVIST) has been published by the AAAS Office of Science Education, with support from the National Science Foundation.

The *EVIST Resource Directory* contains descriptions of hundreds of courses and programs in over 500 educational institutions according to five categories: science/technology and human values, environmental concerns, biomedical concerns, industry and society, and public policy-making.

The *Directory* is available free of charge from the AAAS Office of Science Education at the AAAS address.

Annual Meeting Survey Results

Those of you who have attended the four most recent AAAS Annual Meetings were asked to fill out a survey form along with your registrations. The results of this survey, averaged over the 1975-1978 meetings,* reveal the following:

The average age of the registrants was 41.5 years; the average registrant traveled 575 miles to the meeting, stayed about 2.6 days, and spent about \$350.

About 59 percent had doctorates, 22.5 percent masters, and 18.5 percent other degrees. Some 21 percent had interests in the physical and mathematical sciences, 36.5 percent in the biological and medical sciences, 19 percent in the social and behavioral sciences, and 23.5 per-

*Registrations for these meetings numbered 4260 (New York, 1975); 4725 (Boston, 1976); 3750 (Denver, 1977); and 5050 (Washington, 1978).

cent in other areas of science and technology.

About 41 percent engaged in teaching and education as a principal activity, 28 percent in research and development, 11.5 percent in administration, and 19.5 percent in other activities (including private practice). Some 61 percent were employed by educational institutions, 16.5 percent by the government, and 22.5 percent by other employers (including industry).

The meetings had an average of 135 symposia, encompassing about 190 sessions (of 3 hours each) with about 19 sessions running simultaneously. Each session had an average attendance of about 75 people.

ARTHUR HERSCHMAN
Head, Meetings and Publications

IA Symposium on Energy and Development

Over a hundred scientists, technical experts, and government representatives from 16 nations gathered in Guarujá, Brazil, in mid-March, for a symposium on "Energy and Development in the Americas," sponsored by the Inter-ciencia Association (IA) and the Brazilian Society for the Progress of Science (SBPC).

The 5-day meeting, the sixth in IA's symposium series, focused on energy needs, use, and supplies in the countries of the Western Hemisphere (eight of whose scientific organizations formed the Inter-ciencia Association in 1975). In addition to representatives of North, South, and Central American nations, speakers from France and India provided contributions on matters as different as nuclear fuel cycles and production of methane gas from animal wastes.

Despite diversity of background, perspective, and language, symposium participants agreed on at least one point—that the era of cheap oil is over. Most felt that each country must examine its own potential energy resources thoroughly and move toward greater reliance on local supplies and mixes of technological and natural resources.

Beginning with surveys of major energy resources, the symposium program included papers and discussions on oil, coal, hydropower, oil shale, windmills, synthetic fuels, solar energy, biomass, nuclear energy, and small installations capable of providing energy for rural peoples. Many topics lent themselves to

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