American Association for the Advancement of Science

# Science

ISSN 0036-8075 27 JANUARY 1989 VOLUME 243 NUMBER 4890

459 This Week in Science

Editorial	461	Climate and Water
Letters	462	Good Science Advice: G. E. Brown, Jr. Evolution and Family Homicide: S. A. George; A. H. Harcourt; M. Daly and M. Wilson
News & Comment	469	Accelerator Eyed for Warhead Tritium
	470	If It's Tuesday, This Must Be Heraklion?
	471	Britain Reveals Astronomy Plan Chauvinism in Nobel Nominations
	472	Space Cameras and Security Risks
	473	Human Gene Transfer Test Approved Leakey Leaves Kenya Museums
	474	AAAS Meeting Draws a Crowd: Science's Public Persona ■ "Oh, I Thought You Were a Man." ■ A World of Megacities ■ Space Reactors and Arms Control
Research News	477	Sources and Sinks Complicate Ecology
	478	Feeding the Monster in the Middle
	479	Take Your Choice: Ice Ages, Quakes, or Impacts: A Combination of Impact and Volcano Is Dismissed ■ Taking the Pulse of the San Andreas Fault ■ New Way to Switch Earth Between Hot and Cold
	481	Are Neural Nets Like the Human Brain?
	482	Inbreeding Costs Swamp Benefits
Articles	489	A Specialization for Speech Perception: A. M. LIBERMAN AND I. G. MATTINGLY
	494	Nonlinear Mixing of Electromagnetic Waves in Plasmas: V. Stefan, B. I. Cohen, C. Joshi
	500	Functions of Sphingolipids and Sphingolipid Breakdown Products in Cellular Regulation: Y. A. HANNUN AND R. M. BELL
Research Articles	507	Chromosomal Rearrangement Generating a Composite Gene for a Developmental Transcription Factor: P. Stragier, B. Kunkel, L. Kroos, R. Losick
Reports	517	Evidence for Sediment Eruption on Deep Sea Floor, Gulf of Mexico: D. B. PRIOR, E. H. DOYLE, M. J. KALUZA

08077. Science is indexed in the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature and in several specialized indexes.
The American Association for the Advancement of Science was founded in 1848 and incorporated in 1874. Its objects are to further the work of scientists, to facilitate cooperation among them, to foster scientific freedom and responsibility, to improve the effectiveness of science in the promotion of human welfare, and to increase public understanding and appreciation of the importance and promise of the methods of science in human progress.

SCIENCE is published weekly on Friday, except the last week in December, and with an extra issue in February by the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1333 H Street, NW, Washington, DC 20005. Second-class postage (publication No. 484460) paid at Washington, DC, and at an additional entry. Now combined with The Scientific Monthly® Copyright © 1989 by the American Association for the Advancement of Science. The title SCIENCE is a registered trademark of the AAAS. Domestic individual membership and subscription (51 issues): \$70. Domestic institutional subscription (51 issues): \$110. Foreign postage extra: Canada \$32, other (surface mail) \$32, air-surface via Amsterdam \$85. First class, airmail, school-year, and student rates on request. Single copy sales: Current issue, \$3.50; back issues, \$5.00; Biotechnology issue, \$6.00 (for postage and handling, add per copy \$0.50 U.S., \$1.00 all foreign); Guide to Biotechnology Products and Instruments, \$18 (for postage and handling add per copy \$1.00 U.S., \$1.50 Canada, \$2.00 other foreign). Bulk rates on request. Change of address: allow 6 weeks, giving old and new addresses and seven-digit account number. Authorization to photocopy material for internal or personal use under circumstances not falling within the fair use provisions of the Copyright Act is granted by AAAS to libraries and other users registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) Transactional Reporting Service, provided that the base fee of \$1 per copy plus \$0.10 per page is paid directly to CCC, 21 Congress Street, Salem, Massachusetts 01970. The identification code for Science is 0036-8075/83 \$1 + .10. Postmaster: Send Form 3579 to Science, P.O. Box 1722, Riiverton, NJ 08077. Science is indexed in the Reader's Guida to Persodical Interature and in several specialized indexes.



COVER Darkfield micrograph of the normal Timm-stained rat hippocampus counterstained with cresyl violet. The granule cells, axons of which form the dark bands in the photograph, are the hippocampal neurons selectively lost after adrenalectomy. See page 535. [Photo by Robert S. Sloviter, Helen Hayes Hospital, New York State Department of Health, West Haverstraw, NY 10993]

- 519 Rhenium-Osmium Isotope Systematics of Carbonaceous Chondrites: R. J. WALKER AND J. W. MORGAN
- 522 The Effect of GTPase Activating Protein upon Ras Is Inhibited by Mitogenically Responsive Lipids: M.-H. Tsai, C.-L. Yu, F.-S. Wei, D. W. Stacey
- 526 Switch Protein Alters Specificity of RNA Polymerase Containing a Compartment-Specific Sigma Factor: L. Kroos, B. Kunkel, R. Losick
- Amplification and Molecular Cloning of HTLV-I Sequences from DNA of Multiple Sclerosis Patients: E. P. REDDY, M. SANDBERG-WOLLHEIM,
   R. V. METTUS, P. E. RAY, E. DEFREITAS, H. KOPROWSKI
- 533 Germline Transmission of Exogenous Genes in the Chicken: R. A. Bosselman, R.-Y. Hsu, T. Boggs, S. Hu, J. Bruszewski, S. Ou, L. Kozar, F. Martin, C. Green, F. Jacobsen, M. Nicolson, J. A. Schultz, K. M. Semon et al.
- 535 Selective Loss of Hippocampal Granule Cells in the Mature Rat Brain after Adrenalectomy: R. S. SLOVITER, G. VALIQUETTE, G. M. ABRAMS, E. C. RONK, A. L. SOLLAS, L. A. PAUL, S. NEUBORT
- 538 Evidence That the Leucine Zipper Is a Coiled Coil: E. K. O'SHEA, R. RUTKOWSKI, P. S. KIM
- 542 A Genetic Polymorphism in the Renin Gene of Dahl Rats Cosegregates with Blood Pressure: J. P. RAPP, S.-M. WANG, H. DENE
- Repression of the IgH Enhancer in Teratocarcinoma Cells Associated with a Novel Octamer Factor: M. J. Lenardo, L. Staudt, P. Robbins, A. Kuang, R. C. Mulligan, D. Baltimore

# **Technical Comments**

Magnon-Exchange Pairing and Superconductivity: M. L. COHEN AND L. M. FALICOV; G. CHEN, J.-M. LANGLOIS, Y. GUO, W. A. GODDARD III ■ Phylogeny and Molecular Data: C. NIELSEN; W. F. WALKER; H. R. BODE AND R. E. STEELE; K. G. FIELD, G. J. OLSEN, S. J. GIOVANNONI, E. C. RAFF, N. R. PACE, R. A. RAFF

# **Book Reviews**

552 America the Vulnerable; Gene Wars; Clouds of Secrecy, reviewed by R. FALK ■ Biodiversity, D. B. WAKE ■ Books Received

# Products & Materials

556 LC System for Methods Development ■ System to Profile pH ■ Text and Graphic Overlay for Microscopy ■ Temperature Controller for Microbiology ■ Magnetic Particles for Immunoassays ■ Micro HPLC Pump ■ Mathematical Functions Software ■ Literature

## **Board of Directors**

Walter E. Massey Retiring President, Chairman

Richard C. Atkinson President

Donald N. Langenberg President-elect Mary Ellen Avery Francisco J. Ayala Floyd E. Bloom Mary E. Clutter Eugene H. Cota-Robles Joseph G. Gavin, Jr. John H. Gibbons Beatrix A. Hamburg

William T. Golden Treasurer

Philip H. Abelson Executive Officer, Acting

# Editorial Board

Elizabeth E. Bailey
David Baltimore
William F. Brinkman
E. Margaret Burbidge
Philip E. Converse
Joseph L. Goldstein
Mary L. Good
F. Clark Howell
James D. Idol, Jr.
Leon Knopoff
Oliver E. Nelson
Helen M. Ranney
David M. Raup
Howard A. Schneiderman
Larry L. Smarr
Robert M. Solow
James D. Watson

#### Board of Reviewing Editors

John Abelson
Qais Al-Awqati
Don L. Anderson
Stephen J. Benkovic
Floyd E. Bloom
Henry R. Bourne
James J. Bull
Kathryn Calame
Charles R. Cantor
Ralph J. Cicerone
John M. Coffin
Robert Dorfman
Bruce F. Eldridge
Paul T. Englund
Fredric S. Fay
Theodore H. Geballe

Roger I. M. Glass Stephen P. Golf Robert B. Goldberg Corey S. Goodman Jack Gorski Stephen J. Gould Richard M. Held Gloria Heppner Eric F. Johnson Konrad B. Krauskopf Charles S. Levings III Richard Losick Karl L. Magleby Philippa Marrack Joseph B. Martin John C. McGiff Mortimer Mishkin Gordon H. Orians

Carl O. Pabo

Yeshayau Pocker Michael I. Posner Dennis A. Powers Russell Ross James E. Rothman Erkki Ruoslahti Ronald H. Schwartz Vernon L. Smith Robert T. N. Tjian Virginia Trimble Emil R. Unanue Geerat J. Vermeii Bert Vogelstein Harold Weintraub Irving L. Weissman George M. Whitesides Owen N. Witte William B. Wood

# Science

27 January 1989 Volume 243 Number 4890

American Association for the Advancement of Science Science serves its readers as a forum for the presentation and discussion of important issues related to the advancement of science, including the presentation of minority or conflicting points of view, rather than by publishing only material on which a consensus has been reached. Accordingly, all articles published in Science—including editorials news and

flicting points of view, rather than by publishing only material on which a consensus has been reached. Accordingly, all articles published in Science—including editorials, news and comment, and book reviews—are signed and reflect the individual views of the authors and not official points of view adopted by the AAAS or the institutions with which the authors are affiliated.

**Publisher:** Philip H. Abelson, *Acting* **Editor:** Daniel E. Koshland, Jr.

Deputy Editor: John I. Brauman (Physical Sciences)

**EDITORIAL STAFF** 

Managing Editor: Patricia A. Morgan

Assistant Managing Editor: Nancy J. Hartnagel

Senior Editor: Eleanore Butz

Associate Editors: Keith W. Brocklehurst, Martha Coleman, R. Brooks Hanson, Barbara Jasny, Katrina L. Kelner, Edith Meyers, Linda J. Miller, Phillip D. Szuromi, David F. Voss

Letters Editor: Christine Gilbert Book Reviews: Katherine Livingston, editor This Week in Science: Ruth Levy Guyer Contributing Editor: Lawrence I. Grossman

Chief Production Editor: Ellen E. Murphy Editing Department: Lois Schmitt, head; Mary McDaniel,

Patricia L. Moe, Barbara E. Patterson

Copy Desk: Joi S. Granger, Jane Hurd, MaryBeth Shartle,

Beverly Shields

Production Manager: Karen Schools Colson Assistant Production Manager: James Landry Graphics and Production: Holly Bishop, James J. Olivarri, Valenda M. Back

Covers Editor: Grayce Finger

Manuscript Systems Analyst: William Carter

# NEWS STAFF

News Editor: Barbara J. Culliton

Deputy News Editors: Roger Lewin, Colin Norman News and Comment/Research News: Deborah M. Barnes, William Booth, Gregory Byrne, Mark H. Crawford, Constance Holden, Richard A. Kerr, Eliot Marshall, Jean L. Marx, Robert Pool, Leslie Roberts, Marjorie Sun, M. Mitchell Waldrop, John

European Correspondent: David Dickson

#### **BUSINESS STAFF**

Circulation Director: John G. Colson Fulfillment Manager: Ann Ragland

Business Staff Manager: Deborah Rivera-Wienhold Classified Advertising Supervisor: Karen Morgenstern Guide to Biotechnology Products and Instruments:

Shauna S. Roberts

## **ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES**

Director: Earl J. Scherago

Traffic Manager: Donna Rivera

Traffic Manager (Recruitment): Gwen Canter Advertising Sales Manager: Richard L. Charles Employment Sales Manager: Edward C. Keller

Marketing Manager: Herbert L. Burklund Sales: New York, NY 10036; J. Kevin Henebry, 1515 Broadway (212-730-1050); Scotch Plains, NJ 07076; C. Richard Callis, 12 Unami Lane (201-889--4873); Chicago, IL 60914; Jack Ryan, 525 W. Higgins Rd. (312-885-8675); San Jose, CA 95112; Bob Brindley, 310 S. 16th St. (408-998-4690); Dorset, VT 05251; Fred W. Dieffenbach, Kent Hill Rd. (802-867-5581); Damascus, MD 20872; Rick Sommer, 11318 Kings Valley Dr. (301-972-9270); U.K., Europe: Nick Jones, +44(0647)52918; Telex 42513; FAX (0647) 52053.

Information for contributors appears on page XI of the 23 December 1988 issue. Editorial correspondence, including requests for permission to reprint and reprint orders, should be sent to 1333 H Street, NW, Washington, DC 20005. Tele-

phone: 202-326-6500.

Advertising correspondence should be sent to Tenth Floor, 1515 Broadway, New York, NY 10036. Telephone 212-730-1050 or WU Telex 968082 SCHERAGO, or FAX 212-382-3725.

# Climate and Water

ast summer's above-average temperatures and the Midwest drought were widely interpreted as scary consequences of a greenhouse effect. But in the cold light of wintry days, the prospect of a little added warmth does not seem so menacing. Moreover, there is leisure to look at past records of weather and climate fluctuations. In particular, abnormally high temperatures and drought were characteristic of the dust bowl days of the 1930's. A careful study covering the years 1901 to 1984 by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and involving 1219 stations indicates that there has not been a long-term upward trend in average temperatures in the 48 contiguous states, although there has been an increase in the average minimum temperature.\* In a recent article in *Science* (K. E. Trenberth *et al.*, 23 Dec., p. 1640), the 1988 drought was related to an exceptionally large amplitude in the Southern Oscillation, which gives rise to El Niño and other effects. The authors reminded readers, "Little difference in the radiative effects of greenhouse gases is expected between this year and last. . . . [T]he greenhouse effect may tilt the balance such that conditions for droughts and heat waves are more likely, but it cannot be blamed for an individual drought."

Scientists are not unanimous in believing that increases in greenhouse gases will necessarily result in the kind of temperature increases (2° to 5°C) that some modelers predict. Skeptics can point out that weather predictions for only the next several days are often wrong. Nevertheless, it is a fact that humans are conducting a great geophysical experiment. A continuing increase in greenhouse gases seems virtually guaranteed as developing countries seek to achieve standards that the developed world enjoys.

A practical approach to climate uncertainty is the activity of the AAAS Committee on Climate, chaired by Roger Revelle. Their initiatives have led to a book on climate and water that will be published later this year.† The committee and a substantial group of interdisciplinary experts have examined what the probable impacts of a 2° to 5°C rise in temperature would be on supplies of water in the contiguous 48 states. Some areas of the United States would be wetter than at present; other areas, drier. Computer simulations of a future greenhouse climate show drier summers in the interior of North America. Effects would be greatest in the arid West, where a small change in precipitation makes a relatively big change overall. Warming would make it difficult to maintain present irrigation in the West. In the East, where water would continue to be abundant, the area under irrigation is expected to increase. Everywhere the increase in CO<sub>2</sub> would make plants grow faster and reduce the amount of water that would escape from leaves.

The report includes some comments designed for planners. Present storage systems for water are likely to be inadequate in some places. As seasonality changes, snow would melt earlier and the floods would fill reservoirs at new seasons. Fluctuations could be damped by larger reservoirs and advantage should be taken of storage in aquifers that are not subject to evaporative loss.

The report calls for further studies to delineate more accurately the problems likely to arise and improved means of coping with them. For the present, however, the authors are guardedly optimistic about practical actions being taken concerning water. They state, "Despite a flurry of publicity, the managers of urban water systems, for example, testify climate change is not yet on their lists of worries. . . . A place is more likely won if the problem is considered serious like AIDS; if it is considered certain like the link between smoking and cancer; if it is considered soon like a flood from a weakened dam; soluble like finding a substitute for CFC's; and if the villain can be identified like the dumper of barrels leaking poison. . . . Proposal of feasible solutions enhances the chance of winning a place. . . . The proposals for arresting climate change are many and hard to manage. Those pertaining to water resources, like water banks or conserving irrigation water, seem more manageable because they can be done bit by bit and they extend present policies rather than require changes in the way we live."—PHILIP H. ABELSON

27 JANUARY 1989 EDITORIAL 461

<sup>\*</sup>T. R. Karl, R. G. Baldwin, M. G. Burgin, "Time series of regional season averages of maximum, minimum, and average temperature, and diurnal temperature range across the United States: 1901–1984" (NOAA, Asheville, NC, March 1988). †P. E. Waggoner, Ed., Climate and Water (Wiley, New York, in press).